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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/664,783	09/16/2003	Hui Wang	495152000610	4793
7590 05/09/2006 EXAMINI		INER		
Peter J. Yim			ESTRADA, MICHELLE	
Morrison & Fo	erster LLP			
425 Market Str	eet		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
San Francisco,	CA 94105-2482		2823	

DATE MAILED: 05/09/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				1.1
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	-V-C
		10/664,783	WANG ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Michelle Estrada	2823	
Dariad f	The MAILING DATE of this communication apports or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
	, <u>-</u>	VIC OFT TO EVOIDE A MONTH	C) OD TUIDTY (20) DAVC	
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Faile Any	HORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Densions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 r SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION (36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 F	ebruary 2006		
2a)□		s action is non-final.		
3)□	•		secution as to the merits is	
	closed in accordance with the practice under B	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposit	ion of Claims			
4)🛛	Claim(s) 11-60 is/are pending in the applicatio	n.		
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra			
5)⊠	Claim(s) 31-43 is/are allowed.			
6)⊠	Claim(s) 11,15,16,21-24,28-30,44,47,48,52-55	<u>5 and 58-60</u> is/are rejected.		
7)🖂	Claim(s) <u>12-14,17-20,25-27,45,46,49-51,56 ar</u>	nd 57 is/are objected to.		
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
Applicat	ion Papers			
9)[]	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected to by the I	Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	∍ 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).	
а)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:1.☐ Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received		
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		on No	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	• •		
	application from the International Burea			
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ed.	
Attachmen	ut(s)			
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary		
	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P	ate atent Application (PTO-152)	
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

DETAILED ACTION

Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 11, 15, 24, 28 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sethuraman et al. (2002/0106886) in view of Bernhardt et al. (5,256,565).

With respect to claim 11, Sethuraman et al. discloses a dielectric layer (50) formed on a semiconductor wafer (not shown) having a recessed area and a non-recessed area (See Fig. 5); a plurality of dummy structures formed within the recessed area, wherein the dummy structures are inactive areas configured to increase the planarity of a metal layer (58) subsequently formed on the dielectric layer; a metal layer (58) formed to fill the recessed area and cover the non-recessed area and the plurality of dummy structures (See Fig. 6); and polishing the metal (See fig. 7).

Sethuraman et al. do not specifically disclose that the metal is electropolished.

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Bernhardt et al. disclose a dielectric layer (12) having a recess (10); a metal layer (16) formed to fill the recess, wherein the metal layer is electropolished to expose the non-recessed area.

It would have been within the scope of one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Sethuraman et al. and Bernhardt et al. to enable the polishing step of Sethuraman et al. to be performed according to the teachings of Bernhardt et al. because one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to look to alternative suitable methods of performing the disclosed polishing step of Sethuraman et al. and art recognized suitability for an intended purpose has been recognized to be motivation to combine. See MPEP 2144.07. Furthermore, electropolishing reduces processing time from hours to minutes and allows batch processing of multiple wafers (Bernhardt's Abstract).

With respect to claim 15, Sethuraman et al. disclose wherein the metal layer is formed by depositing the metal layer (Page 4, paragraph [0031]).

With respect to claim 24, Sethuraman et al. discloses wherein the recessed area is a wide trench configured to form an interconnection when filled with the metal layer.

With respect to claim 27, Sethuraman et al. disclose wherein the metal layer is copper (page 4, paragraph [0031]).

With respect to claim 29, Sethuraman et al. discloses wherein the plurality of dummy structures includes the same material as the dielectric layer (page 4, paragraph [0030]).

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Claims 16, 21-23, 28, 44, 47, 48, 52-55, 58, 59 and 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sethuraman et al. in view of Bernhardt et al. as applied to claims 11, 15, 24, 28 and 29 above, and further in view of Cox (6,383,917).

The combination of Sethuraman et al. and Bernhardt et al. does not disclose wherein the metal layer is formed by electroplating the metal layer; the structure further comprising a barrier layer formed on the dielectric layer before forming the metal layer; a cover layer formed on the semiconductor wafer after electropolishing the metal layer; where the metal layer is copper.

With respect to claim 16, Cox discloses forming a metal layer (105) by electroplating (Col. 3, lines 58-60).

With respect to claim 21, Cox discloses further comprising a barrier layer (104) formed on the dielectric layer (103) before forming the metal layer (Col. 3, lines 19-21).

With respect to claim 22, Cox discloses further comprising a seed layer formed on the dielectric layer before forming the metal (Col. 3, lines 58-60).

With respect to claim 23, Cox discloses a cover layer (107/109) formed on the semiconductor wafer after electropolishing the metal layer.

With respect to claim 28, Cox discloses wherein the metal layer (105) is copper (Col. 3, lines 35-43).

With respect to claim 30, Cox discloses wherein the plurality of dummy structures includes a metal (Col. 4, lines 48-60).

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It would have been within the scope of one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Sethuraman et al., Bernhardt et al. and Cox to enable the process of Sethuraman et al. and Bernhardt et al. to be performed according to the process of Cox because electroplating is inexpensive, fast and effective for thick layers, forming a barrier layer in Reid will prevent diffusion of the metal layer, forming a seed layer is typically done when performing electroplating, forming a cover layer will provide protection to the structure, and the formation of dummy metal regions to the structure increase the surface area of the conductive material thus optimizing the process account for these changes in local fields, which could affect the uniformity of the etch rate.

With respect to claim 44, Sethuraman et al. and Bernhardt et al. does not disclose wherein the metal layer is overpolished to allow the non-recessed area to protrude past a surface of the metal layer in the recessed area. Cox discloses wherein the metal layer (105) is overpolished to allow the non-recessed area to protrude past a surface of the metal layer in the recessed area (See Fig. 1c and Col. 4, lines 1-14).

It would have been within the scope of one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Sethuraman et al., Bernhardt et al. and Cox to enable the electropolishing of Sethuraman et al. and Bernhardt et al. to be performed according to the teachings of Cox because the overpolishing enables production of an integrated circuit that maintains the strength characteristics imparted by the dielectric layer.

With respect to claim 47, Sethuraman et al. discloses wherein the metal layer is formed by depositing the metal layer (Col. 1, lines 54-55).

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With respect to claim 48, Cox discloses forming a metal layer (105) by electroplating (Col. 3, lines 58-60).

With respect to claim 52, Cox discloses further comprising a barrier layer (104) formed on the dielectric layer (103) before forming the metal layer (Col. 3, lines 19-21).

With respect to claim 53, Cox discloses further comprising a seed layer formed on the dielectric layer before forming the metal (Col. 3, lines 58-60).

With respect to claim 54, Cox discloses a cover layer (107/109) formed on the semiconductor wafer after electropolishing the metal layer.

With respect to claim 55, Sethuraman et al. discloses wherein the recessed area is a wide trench configured to form an interconnection when filled with the metal layer.

With respect to claim 58, Cox discloses wherein the metal layer (105) is copper (Col. 3, lines 35-43).

With respect to claim 59, Sethuraman et al. discloses wherein the plurality of dummy structures includes the same material as the dielectric layer.

With respect to claim 60, Cox discloses wherein the plurality of dummy structures includes a metal (Col. 4, lines 48-60).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 12-14, 17-20, 25-27, 45, 46, 49-51, 56 and 57 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: there is no disclosure in the prior art, either alone or in combination of the limitations recited in claims 12-14, 17-20, 25-27, 45, 46, 49-51, 56 and 57.

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Claims 31-43 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: With there is no disclosure in the prior art of electropolishing the barrier layer deposited on the non-recessed area, and wherein the exposed barrier layer is removed at a first rate and the non-recessed area of the dielectric layer is removed at a second rate.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michelle Estrada whose telephone number is 571-272-1858. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith can be reached on 571-272-1907. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 571-272-2800.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Michelle Estrada Primary Examiner Art Unit 2823

ME May 2, 2006